2022年度

入 学 試 験 問 題 (B日程)

英 語

注 意

- 1 「開始」の合図があるまで開いてはいけません。
- 2 「開始」の合図で、1 ページから5ページまで問題が印刷されていることを確か めなさい。
- 3 解答用紙に受験番号を書きなさい。名前を書いてはいけません。
- 4 答えはすべて**解答用紙の指定された解答欄**に書きなさい。問題用紙、また は解答欄外に書いても得点になりません。
- 5 問題は4題で、5ページまであります。解答用紙はこの表紙の裏にあります。
- 6 「終了」の合図で、すぐに筆記用具を置きなさい。
- 7 問題および解答用紙は机の上に置き,持ち帰ってはいけません。

雲雀丘学園中学校

(問題は次のページから始まります)

1. 次の英文を読んで、下記の設問に答えなさい。

The famous Trans-Siberian railway line goes from *Moscow to *Vladivostok, but there's another railway line about 650 kilometers north of the Trans-Siberian. This is the 4000-kilometer *Baikal-Amur Mainline (BAM). A special train, the *Matvei Mudrov medical train, travels on it. There are usually between twelve and fifteen doctors on the train. The train stops for a day at places along the BAM. The people who live in small towns and villages come to the train for free medical treatment. There are no doctors or hospitals in their towns or villages. For these patients, their health center is on the [1].

The Matvei Mudrov was named after a Russian doctor in the nineteenth century. Nowadays, the Matvei Mudrov visits each town or village on the BAM twice a year. In the village of *Khani (population 742), two patients are a man with two broken ankles and a teenage girl with stomach trouble. The patients like the doctors on the train. They say they are honest and good at their jobs.

The next stop is a town called *Berkakit. About 4,000 people live there. There is a line of people who want to see the doctors. One patient is Mikhail. He's 61 years old, and he came to Berkakit in 1976. At the time, only about a hundred young people lived in Berkakit. It was a new town. Mikhail met a woman who worked at the town bakery. They married and stayed in the town. When he walks into the doctor's office, the doctor says 'Oh, Mikhail, I *recognized your voice.' Mikhail has a problem with his shoulder. The doctor writes a letter to say that he can't work, and he must have an *operation. He leaves, and then he returns a few minutes later. He brings freshly cooked pies and some goat's milk.

For the people who live in this *remote part of Russia, the Matvei Mudrov is more than a medical train. It's [2] to the community of their country.

〈*注〉

Moscow モスクワ Vladivostok ウラジオストック the Baikal-Amur Mainline バイカル・アムール鉄道 Matvei Mudrov medical train マトベイ・ムドルフ医療列車 Khani ハニ Berkakit ベルカキト recognize (人が)だれであるかわかる operation 手術 remote 遠く離れた

- (1) [1]に入る語として最も適当なものを、次のア〜オから選び、記号で答えなさい。
 ア way イ road ウ train エ top オ bottom
- (2) 次の①~③の質問に対する答えとして最も適当なものを,次のア~エから選び,記号で 答えなさい。
 - ① Which is true about BAM?
 - \mathcal{T} It is a part of the Trans-Siberian railway.
 - \checkmark It is a train for doctors.
 - ウ It is a doctor's name.
 - \perp It is a railway line crossing part of Russia.
 - 2 Which is true about Matvei Mudrov medical train?
 - \mathcal{T} It is 4,000 kilometers long.
 - \checkmark It is 650 kilometers long.
 - $\dot{\mathcal{P}}$ It was the idea of a Russian bakery.
 - \perp It was named after a medical doctor.
 - ③ Where does the Matvei Mudrov train stop?
 - \mathcal{T} It stops in the villages and towns along the BAM railway line.
 - \checkmark It stops in villages and towns with less than 1,000 people.
 - $\dot{\mathcal{P}}$ It stops in the towns and villages that have health centers.
 - \perp It stops in villages and towns with only old people.
- (3) 空欄[2]に入る語句として最も適当なものを、次のアーエから選び、記号で答えなさい。
 - \mathcal{T} a kind of hospital \mathcal{I} a kind of market place
 - $\dot{\mathcal{P}}$ a grocery store \mathcal{I} a social connection
- (4) 次のあ~おの各文が本文の内容に合っていれば〇, 合っていなければ×と答えなさい。
 - b When the medical train stops in a village, doctors visit people at home.
 - When the medical train stops in a village, people come to the train to see the doctors.
 - 5 Mikhail is the patient that the doctor knows.
 - $\dot{\mathcal{X}}$ Mikhail doesn't agree with the doctor's opinion.
 - お Mikhail doesn't pay but gives pies and some goat's milk to the doctor.

)に入れるのに最も	も適当な	ものを,ア	~エの	中から1つ選び,				
記号で答えなさい。										
(1)	It was kind () him to give his seat to the lady.									
	アto	イ for	ウ	by	工	of				
(2)	(2) I left my glasses at home, so I can't see the blackboard ().									
	\mathcal{T} lightly	✓ possibly	ウ	clearly	I	carefully				
(3) He likes listening to music. It makes him () positive.										
	\mathcal{T} feel	✓ feels	ウ	felt	I	feeling				
(4)) Yumi looked () when she heard the news.									
	ア happy	イ happily	ウ	happiness	s І	to happy				
(5)	(5) I have three computers, and this one is not as expensive as ().									
		√ the other			-					
	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		. ,	0011010						
(6)	(6) If you don't know what this word means, please look it () in the dictiona									
	𝟸 for	, . 1 1								
	/ 101	i uniougn	/	чр		asout				
(7)	(7) I wanted to () these clothes away, but my mother didn't.									
		∕ get								
	/ leave	get		01110 W		pass				
(8)	The man () by the window	is mu i	inclo						
(0)					-					
) sit	イ sits	9	seat	<u>ـل</u>	sitting				
(Q)	A: What's () with you?								
(9) A: What's () with you?B: I'm dizzy. I couldn't sleep well last night.										
	\mathcal{T} problem	イ matter	ウ	happened	L	wrong				
(10)) Ken was chos) h	e?							
	ア did	イ didn't	ウ	was	I	wasn't				

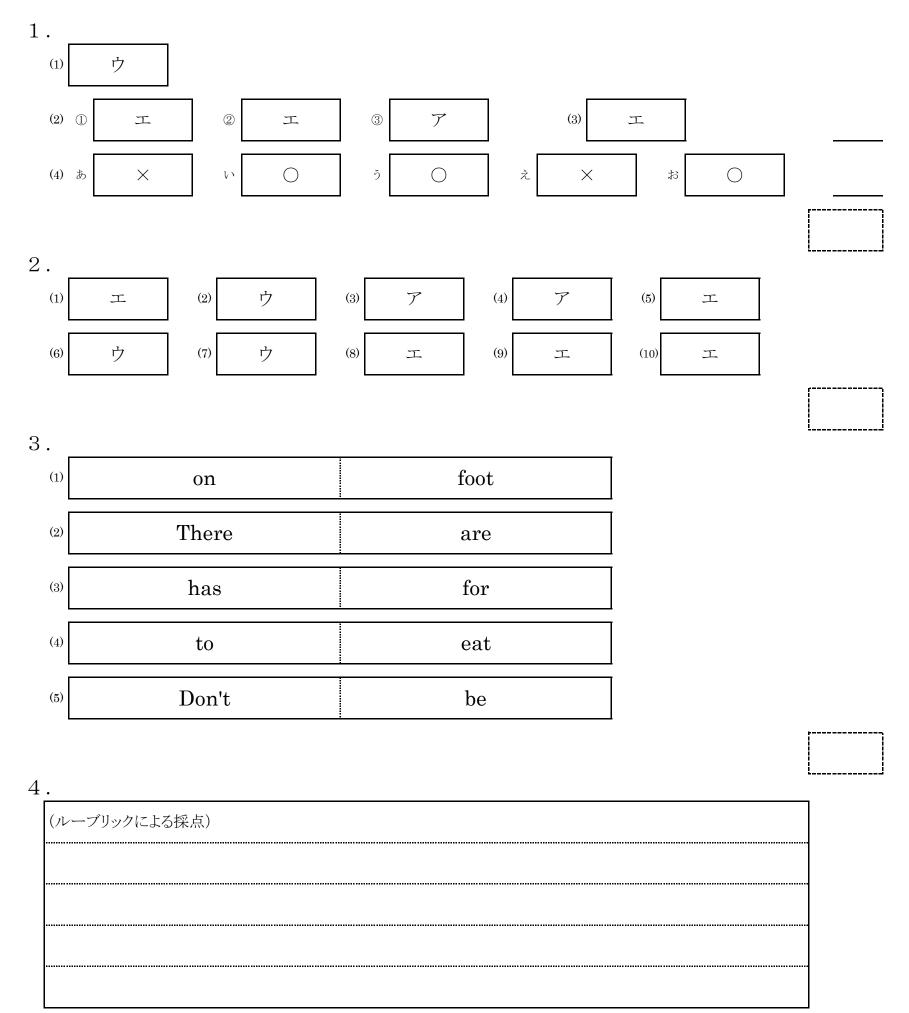
- 3. 次の各組の文がほぼ同じ意味になるように、()に適する語を入れなさい。
- Many students walk to school. Many students come to school ()().
- (2) I have three bedrooms in my house.
 ()() three bedrooms in my house.
- (3) She came to this town five years ago, and she still lives here.She () lived in this town () five years.
- (4) We didn't have any food in our fridge.We had nothing ()() in our fridge.
- (5) You must be quiet in the library.()() noisy in the library.
- 4. あなたの将来の夢と、その理由を25語~35語の英語で説明しなさい。 ただし、ピリオドやコンマは語数には含めません。

1. (1) (2) ① 2 3 (3) (4) あ *う* お $\langle v \rangle$ え 2. (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (7) (8) (9) (10) (6) 3. (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) 4.

受験番号	得点	
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2022年度 中学校入学試験(B日程) 英語解答用紙

2022年度 中学校入学試験(B日程) 英語解答用紙



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